CLAIMS

1. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test comprising:

a solution mixing unit for mixing an eluent and a quinone solution, said eluent being supplied from a separation system including an eluent tank in which the eluent used for acid separation is stored, at least one pump for sending the eluent, a sample injection unit for injecting a sample into the eluent, and an acid separation column for separating short-chain fatty acids included in the sample that is injected from the sample injection unit, and said quinone solution being supplied from a solution sending system including a solution tank in which the quinone solution containing quinone and supporting electrolyte is stored, and at least one pump for sending the quinone solution; and

an acid degree measurement unit for measuring the acid degrees of the short-chain fatty acids included in a mixture solution that flows from the solution mixing unit;

wherein said acid degree measurement unit continuously measures the acid degrees of the short-chain fatty acids included in the sample, which are successively mixed into the quinone solution by the solution mixing unit.

2. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in Claim 1, wherein

said solution mixing unit includes a main tube in which the quinone solution flows, and a side tube in which the eluent flows, and

said side tube penetrates into the main tube so that an aperture plane of a front end thereof is parallel to an inner diameter plane of the main tube.

3. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in Claim 2, wherein

in said solution mixing unit, a cross-section area of the front end of the side tube is 1/3 or lower relative to an inner cross-section area of the main tube.

4. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 3, comprising:

said acid degree measurement unit including

- a working electrode in which electrochemical reaction of the quinone proceeds,
- a reference electrode serves as a basis for a voltage control of the working electrode, and
- a counter electrode that makes a pair with the working electrode to flow a current; and

measuring a current of the quinone that flows through the working electrode in a state where a voltage is applied to the working electrode so that it has a constant voltage over the

reference electrode.

5. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein

said acid separation column is an ion exclusion type column for separating a target sample by a difference in electrostatic repulsive forces of ions having the same charge as an ion-exchange group.

- 6. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 5, wherein
- a degasser for removing bubbles and dissolved oxygen included in the quinone solution and the eluent is provided in a flow path from the eluent tank and a flow path from the solution tank, respectively.
- 7. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 6, wherein the flow rate of the eluent to the acid separation column is 7.96mm/min~60.2mm/min.
- 8. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 7, wherein

the flow rate of the quinone solution is $891\text{mm/min}\sim$ 5102mm/min.

- 9. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 8, wherein said eluent is a water solution containing 0.1mM of perchloric acid.
- 10. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 9, wherein said quinone solution is an ethanol solution containing 3mM~
 6mM of quinone and 50mM~150mM of lithium perchlorate.
- 11. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 10, wherein said sample is human stool containing six kinds of short-chain fatty acids which are lactic acid, acetic acid, propionic acid, butyric acid, isovaleric acid, and valeric acid.
- 12. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 11, wherein the acid degree measurement unit enables measurement up to an acid measurement sensitivity of $5\,\mu\text{M}{\sim}2\text{mM}$.
- 13. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in any of Claims 1 to 12, wherein the length of a flow path provided between the solution

mixing unit and the acid degree measurement unit is $20 \text{mm} \sim 80 \text{mm}$.

14. A measurement method for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test comprising:

an acid separation step of injecting a measurement sample into an eluent that flows into an acid separation column at a constant flow rate, and separating short-chain fatty acids included in the measurement sample by the acid separation column;

a solution mixing step of mixing the eluent that is sent from the acid separation column into a quinone solution that contains quinone and supporting electrolyte and is sent at a constant flow rate; and

an acid degree measurement step of continuously measuring the acid degrees of the short-chain fatty acids in the mixture resultant which is produced by the measurement sample, being successively mixed into the quinone solution in the liquid mixing step.

15. A measurement apparatus for ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognostic test as defined in Claim 14, wherein

said solution mixing step comprising:

forming a flow path by mixing a flow in a side tube which comprises the eluent flow, into a flow in a main tube which comprises the quinone solution flow; and

discharging the eluent that flows from the side tube in

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parallel to the quinone solution that flows in the main tube, thereby to evenly diffuse the eluent into the quinone solution.